PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

											
Applicant's or agent's file reference Cal 88473	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Form PCT/IPEA/416									
International application No. PCT/EP2004/009684	International filing date (day/month/) 31.08.2004	(year) Priority date (day/month/year) 04.09.2003									
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC C08J11/08, C08J3/09											
Applicant POLIMERI EUROPA S.P.A.											
This report is the international preliminary examination report, established by this International Preliminary Examining Authority under Article 35 and transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.											
2. This REPORT consists of a total	This REPORT consists of a total of 4 sheets, including this cover sheet.										
This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, comprising:											
a. Sent to the applicant and to the International Bureau) a total of 6 sheets, as follows:											
sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis of this report and/or sheets containing rectifications authorized by this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions).											
sheets which superse beyond the disclosure Supplemental Box.	sheets which supersede earlier sheets, but which this Authority considers contain an amendment that goes beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed, as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the										
b. (sent to the International Bureau only) a total of (indicate type and number of electronic carrier(s)), containing a sequence listing and/or tables related thereto, in computer readable form only, as indicated in the Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing (see Section 802 of the Administrative Instructions).											
4. This report contains indications r	elating to the following items:										
☑ Box No. I Başis of the op	inion										
☐ Box No. II Priority											
☐ Box No. III Non-establishn	nent of opinion with regard to novel	d to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability									
☐ Box No. IV Lack of unity of											
Box No. V Reasoned state applicability; cit											
☐ Box No. VI Certain docum	ents cited										
☐ Box No. VII Certain defects	☐ Box No. VII Certain defects in the international application										
☐ Box No. VIII Certain observ	☐ Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application										
Date of submission of the demand	Date of co	ompletion of this report									
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31.03.2005	27.06.20	27.06.2005									
Name and mailing address of the internation	nal Authorized	d Officer									
preliminary examining authority: European Patent Office - P.B. NL-2280 HV Rijswijk - Pays I	Bas Halleme	eesch, A									
Tel. +31 70 340 - 2040 Tx: 31 Fax: +31 70 340 - 3016	•	e No. +31 70 340-2431									

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/EP2004/009684

1AP20 Rec 3 PG.7.710 3 0 JAN 2006

	Box No). I	Basis	of the re	port					***************************************		
1.	With reg	gard	to the	languag vise indic	e, this report is ated under this	based on item.	the inter	national a	application	in the lar	nguage in	which it was
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		pub	lication	of the in	(under Rules 1 ernational appl nary examination	ication (ur	nder Rule		55.3)			
 With regard to the elements* of the international application, this report is have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation un report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report): 						rt is based under Ar	l on <i>(repla</i> ticle 14 ai	acement s re referrec	heets which I to in this			
	Descrip	tion	, Pages									
	1-20				as origina	ly filed						
	Claims,	Nur	mbers									
	1-18		•		received o	on 05.04.20	005 with le	tter of 04.0	04.2005			
	□ as	equ	ence lis	sting and	or any related t	able(s) - s	see Supp	lemental	Box Relat	ing to Sec	quence Lis	sting
3.		the the	descrip	otion, pag		cancellat	ion of:					
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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/EP2004/009684

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Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims

1-18

No: Claims

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims

1-18

No: Claims

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims No: Claims 1-18

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7):

see separate sheet

10/566401 IAP20 Rac'd PCY/FTO 30 JAN 2006 International application No.

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY (SEPARATE SHEET)

PCT/EP2004/009684

Re Item V

Reasoned statement with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1). State of the art

Reference is made to the following documents dealing with a process for recycling expanded polystyrene by dissolving in a solvent and precipitating with a non-solvent.

D2: solvent may be diethyl carbonate; non-solvent is a lower alcohol.

D4: solvents are ethers or esters; non-solvent is a lower alcohol.

These differences establish novelty for independent process claim 1 (Art. 33(2) PCT).

2). Art. 33(1)(3) PCT - Inventive step

The distinguishing feature of claim 1 with regard to closest prior art D2 is that the non-solvent contains an alkylene carbonate. The technical effect is that this non-flammable compound allows a more efficacious removal of bromine compounds with respect to the use of alcohols alone (compare example 20 with example 22). The problem to be solved is to provide a process showing this effect in view of D2.

The solution of using alkylene carbonate non-solvents has not been mentioned in the state of the art, be it that in accordance with D4, the ester or ether solvents may comprise an amount of alkylene carbonate. The non-solvent, however, is an alcohol.

The skilled one will not contemplate to combine the teachings of D2 and D4, and arrive in this way to the process of claim 1.

Consequently, claim 1 is also based on an inventive step and the requirements of Art. 33(1) PCT are met.



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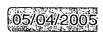
CLAIMS

- A process for recycling expanded polystyrene comprising:
 - (a) volume reduction of expanded polystyrene by dissolution with
- a dialkyl carbonate, or a blend of dialkyl carbonates, having the general formula (I):

- wherein R_1 and R_2 , the same or different, have the following meaning:
 - R_1 , R_2 represent linear, branched or cyclic alkyl radicals, containing from 1 to 12 carbon atoms, and the sum of the carbon atoms of R_1 and R_2 is between 2 and 15,
 - (b) removal of the insoluble components;
 - (c) selective precipitation of polystyrene with a non-solvent or a blend of non-solvents for polystyrene;
- (d) separation, drying and extrusion of the precipitated polystyrene, said process being characterised in that the selective precipitation of polystyrene is carried out with a non-solvent selected from alkylene carbonate or a blend consisting of an alcohol and an alkylene carbonate.

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CLAIMS

Use of a dialkyl carbonate, or a blend of dialkyl carbonates, having the general formula (I):

 $\begin{array}{c}
O \\
II \\
R_1 O \rightarrow C \rightarrow O R_2
\end{array}$

wherein R_1 and R_2 , the same or different, have the following meaning

- R₁, R₂ represent linear, branched or cyclic alkyl radicals, containing from 1 to 12 carbon atoms, and the sum of the carbon atoms of R₁ and R₂ is between 2 and 15

as solvents for expanded polystyrene.

- 2. The use of a dialkyl carbonate, or a blend of dialkyl carbonates, according to claim 1, wherein:
- 15 R_1 , R_2 represent linear or branched alkyl radicals, containing from 1 to 8 carbon atoms, and the sum of the carbon atoms of R_1 and R_2 is between 5 and 10.
 - 3. The use of a dialkyl carbonate, or a blend of dialkyl carbonates, according to claim 2, wherein the dialkyl carbonates are selected from those having a flash point higher than 55°C.
- 4. The use of dialkyl carbonate, or a blend of dialkyl carbonates, according to claim 3, wherein the dialkyl carbonates are selected from the group consisting of di-n-butyl carbonate, di-isobutyl carbonate, di-n-



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propyl carbonate.

A-process for recycling expanded polystyrene compris-

- (a) volume reduction of expanded polystyreme by dissolution with a dialkyl carbonate, or a blend of dialkyl carbonates having formula (I);
- (b) removal of the insoluble components;
- (c) selective precipitation of polystyrene with a non-solvent or a blend of non-solvents for polystyrene;
- (d) separation, drying and extrusion of the precipitated polystyrene.
- ing to claim B, wherein, in step (a), the concentration of polystyrene in the solution is between 5 and 50% weight and the dissolution of the expanded polystyrene with dialkyl carbonate is carried out at atmospheric pressure, at a temperature ranging from 20 to 70°C.
- The process for recycling expanded polystyrene according to claim \$\mathcal{B}\$, wherein the concentration of polystyrene in the solution ranges from 15 to 40% by weight.
- The process for recycling expanded polystyrene according to claim %, wherein the dissolution of expanded polystyrene with dialkyl carbonate is effected in an



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apparatus equipped with a stirring system and at room temperature.

- The process for recycling expanded polystyrene according to claim %, wherein the selective precipitation of polystyrene in step (c) is effected by feeding the styrene solution to the non-solvent, or blend of non-solvents, maintained under turbulent stirring, onto the bottom of the precipitation reactor, below the stirring system.
- ing to claim 5, wherein the selective precipitation of polystyrene in step (c) is effected with a non solvent, selected from the group consisting of gly-cols, alcohols, alkylene carbonates, dialkyl carbonates with a number of carbon atoms equal to or higher than 17, alkyl esters of fatty acids.
 - ing to claim \$\mathcal{S}\$, wherein the quantity of non-solvent, or blend of non-solvents, used for selectively precipitating the expanded polystyrene in step (c) is in a weight ratio with the dialkyl carbonate of between 2:1 and 20:1.
- The process for recycling expanded polystyrene according to claim 11, wherein the quantity of non-solvent,

 or blend of non-solvents, used is in a weight ratio







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with the dialkyl carbonate of between 3:1 and 15:1.

- The process for recycling expanded polystyrene according to claim \$\beta\$, wherein the selective precipitation of polystyrene in step (c) is effected at a temperature ranging from 10 to 70°C.
- 17. The process for recycling expanded polystyrene according to claim 13, wherein the selective precipitation is effected at a temperature ranging from 15°C to 60°C.
- The process for recycling expanded polystyrene according to claim %, wherein the selective precipitation of polystyrene is effected by feeding the polystyrene solution to the non-solvent onto the bottom of the precipitation reactor, with a flow rate, expressed as g/(hour*liter of non-solvent), within the range of 30-1500.
 - The process for recycling expanded polystyrene according to claim 13, wherein the solution of polystyrene is fed to the non-solvent with a flow rate, expressed as g/(hour*liter of non-solvent), within the range of 50-800.
- The process for recycling expanded polystyrene according to claim 8, wherein the separation of polystyrene precipitated in step (d) is effected by filtration, decanting, centrifugation, at a temperature ranging

from 10°C to 70°C.

The process for recycling expanded polystyrene according to claim 17, wherein the separation of the precipitated polystyrene is effected at a temperature within the range of 15°C - 60°C

The process for recycling expanded polystyrene according to claim %, wherein the drying of the polystyrene precipitated in step (d) is effected at a temperature ranging from 50°C to 180°C and a pressure of between 760 and 1 mm Hg.

The process for recycling expanded polystyrene according to claim 19, wherein the drying is effected at a temperature ranging from 80°C to 150°C and a pressure of between 500 and 10 mm Hg.

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AMENDED SHEET